

Abstract

The present invention discloses a climate control method, in which a distinction is drawn between climate control corresponding to a conventional method, and a modified climate control process. The modified climate control according to the invention is used when an occupant wishes to have less cooling, and thus raises the nominal internal temperature, after being cooled down to the physical limit, that is to say the minimum blowing-in temperature, before the vaporizer ices up, for example when the outside temperatures are very high. Since, in a situation such as this, the nominal blowing-in temperature both for the previous nominal internal area temperature and for the new, higher nominal internal area temperature is still well below the physically achievable limit, a second nominal blowing-in temperature is now calculated, in which the nominal internal area temperature change and the outside temperature are taken into account. The actual blowing-in temperature is controlled as a function of which of the two nominal blowing-in temperatures is the maximum. In this way, it is possible to achieve a direct response to the increase in the nominal internal area temperature even if the conventionally calculated nominal blowing-in temperature were still below the physically achievable blowing-in temperature.